



PROPATH

A Sonic Healthcare Anatomic Pathology Practice

Genetic Carrier and Prenatal Screening Requisition

ACCESSION LABEL

PATIENT INFORMATION

Biological Sex
Last Name M.I.
First Name
Street Address Apt #
City State Zip Code
Date of Birth Medical Record # Patient Phone #

Account Number Account Name
Account Number
City State Zip Code
Phone REFERRING PHYSICIAN

PAYMENT AND INSURANCE

Self-Pay Medicaid Client Bill Bill Insurance Attach copy of front and back of insurance card
Insurance Name
Subscriber Name ID #
Group # Preauthorization #

SAMPLE COLLECTION - (Complete A, B, and C)

A. Collection Date (MM/DD/YYYY):
B. Collection Time:
C. Write patient's full name and date of birth on all tubes

CLINICIAN SIGNATURE

I will supply information to the patient regarding genetic testing, including: the manner of collection, use, retention, maintenance, and disclosure of the patient's sample and the results of the genetic testing...

Clinician Signature Date

PATIENT SIGNATURE FOR INFORMED CONSENT AND FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

I authorize Sonic Healthcare USA and its affiliates ("Sonic") to conduct genetic testing and to collect, obtain, use, maintain, and retain a sample and the results of the testing for that purpose.

I understand that I am responsible for any applicable copayment, coinsurance, or deductible as specified by my health plan, including any costs relating to out-of-network, non-covered, or non-authorized services.

I have had the opportunity to ask questions and discuss the capabilities, limitations, and possible risks of the test(s) with my healthcare provider and have been made aware of the availability of genetic counseling.

I accept full financial responsibility for any payment obligation associated with my test(s).

Patient Signature Date

Non-Invasive Prenatal Screening (NIPS) Collect ONE Streck tube

With Fetal Sex Without Fetal Sex
W905 NIPS w/ SCA
W907 NIPS, Twin
W913 NIPS+ w/ Microdeletions
W906 NIPS
W910 NIPS w/ SCA
W915 NIPS+ w/ Microdeletions

NIPS Clinical Information (Required)

Number of Fetuses: (S)ingleton (T)wins Maternal Weight (lbs):
Estimated Date of Delivery (EDD): Maternal Height (in):
IVF Pregnancy: Y N Patient/donor egg retrieval age: years

NIPS Commonly Utilized ICD Codes (Required)

O09.291 Other poor reproductive or obstetric history, 1st tri
O09.511 Elderly primigravida, 1st tri
O09.519 Elderly primigravida, unsp tri
O09.521 Elderly multigravida, 1st tri
O09.529 Elderly multigravida, unsp tri
O28.3 Abnormal ultrasonic finding
O28.5 Abnormal chromosomal and genetic finding
O35.1XX0 (Suspected) chromosomal abnormality in fetus
Z13.79 Other genetic screening
Z33.1 Pregnant state, incidental
Z34.01 Normal first pregnancy, 1st tri
Z34.81 Other normal pregnancy, 1st tri
Z34.90 Other normal pregnancy, unsp, unsp tri
Z36.9 Antenatal screening, unsp
Z82.79 Family history of congenital anomalies
Other (please specify code):

Genetic Carrier Screening (CS) Collect TWO EDTA purple-top tubes/test

E2720 Hemoglobin Electrophoresis
W139 CF 139
W199 Fragile X Screen w/ Reflex Methylation
W220 SMA
W801 Basic Trio, Female
W802 Basic Duo, Female/Male
W557 Ashkenazi Jewish Panel, Female
W558 Ashkenazi Jewish Panel, Male
W559 Classic Panel, Female
W560 Classic Panel, Male
W555 Complete Panel, Female
W556 Complete Panel, Male
Other Code:

CS Clinical Information (Required)

Patient Ethnicity: African American (AA) Caucasian (W) Hispanic (H) Asian (AS) Jewish (Ashkenazi) (J) Other (O): Not Specified (NS)
Indication: Abnormal US (US) Egg/Sperm Donor (DO) Consanguinity (CO) Infertility (IN) Partner Known Carrier (PC) Patient Known Carrier (PT) Family History (HX)
Family History Present: Y N If Yes, Indicate Relative: Sibling Parent Grandparent Aunt/Uncle Niece/Nephew Cousin
Relative is: Affected by Or Carrier of
Is patient or partner pregnant? Patient Partner Neither

CS Commonly Utilized ICD Codes (Required)

E28.39 Other primary ovarian failure
Z31.430 Encounter of female for testing for genetic disease carrier status for procreative mgmt
Z31.440 Encounter of male for testing for genetic disease carrier status for procreative mgmt
Z81.0 Family history of intellectual disabilities
Z82.69 Family history of other diseases of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue
Z84.81 Family history of carrier of genetic disease
Other (please specify code):

For test and panel details, please visit www.SonicReproductiveHealth.com



\* Includes alpha-thalassemia, beta-thalassemia and sickle cell disease plus other hemoglobinopathies.
# Medicare Frequency Limit
+ Not covered by Medicare @ Medicare Limited Coverage \* Reflex testing may be performed with additional charge



## Non-Invasive Prenatal Screening

### What is NIPS?

NIPS is a non-invasive blood test that screens for chromosome conditions in the pregnancy. These conditions are uncommon, do not usually run in the family, and can happen in any pregnancy. NIPS can be performed based on a single blood draw beginning at 10 weeks gestation. Collecting your blood sample for NIPS poses no threat to your baby.

### What does NIPS test for?

#### Chromosome Conditions

- Trisomy 21 (Down syndrome)
- Trisomy 18 (Edwards syndrome)
- Trisomy 13 (Patau syndrome)

Additional testing options are available, including fetal sex. Limitations and indications for screening for additional conditions should be discussed with your provider.

### How accurate is NIPS?

NIPS is a screening test. While uncommon, some people may receive a positive result when the pregnancy is unaffected or a negative result when the pregnancy is affected. Testing for rarer conditions may negatively impact accuracy and increase the probability of a positive result being a false positive.<sup>1</sup> Any high-risk results should be confirmed with diagnostic laboratory testing.



## Carrier Screening

### What is a carrier?

A carrier is a person who has a genetic change, or mutation in their DNA, but, in most cases, does not have any associated health problems.

### What does reproductive carrier screening test for?

#### Our test will help identify carriers for the main genetic disorders:

- Cystic Fibrosis (CF)
- Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA)
- Fragile X Syndrome (FX)\*
- Hemoglobinopathy Screening (such as sickle cell anemia)
- Ashkenazi Jewish Panel
- Expanded Carrier Panel Options

### Why test for these conditions?

CF, SMA, and FX are three of the most commonly inherited conditions. People are usually unaware that they are carriers and often do not have a history of these conditions in their family.

- CF is one of the most common life-limiting genetic conditions.
- SMA is the most common genetic cause of death in children under the age of two.
- FX is the most common form of inherited intellectual disability.

## Results

Your results will be delivered to your provider, and he or she will discuss them with you. They will also be available to you in your SonicMyAccess™ patient portal.

Finding out about a genetic condition can raise important concerns around pregnancy planning and care. **If it is determined you have a high-risk pregnancy, a licensed genetic counselor will reach out to you to provide education about what your results mean.\***

\*Patients must be enrolled with SonicMyAccess™ and confirm their enrollment with our genetic counseling service to have the benefit of this offering.



For patient resources and consent forms, please visit [www.SonicReproductiveHealth.com](http://www.SonicReproductiveHealth.com)

#### Important Test Information

**NIPS is a screening test, therefore false-negative or false-positive results can occur.** Carrier conditions including but not limited to blood transfusion, organ transplantation, bone marrow transplant, certain surgical procedures, stem cell therapy, malignancy, or genetic mosaicism can affect test accuracy. Pregnancy-related conditions such as fetal or placental genetic mosaicism, nonviable twin, or fetal demise can decrease test accuracy. There are exceptional and uncommon situations, which is why NIPS should be regarded as a screening test. There is a small, well-defined possibility that NIPS will not reflect the actual chromosome status of the fetus. A "high-probability" result should be confirmed by invasive genetic testing before taking irreversible steps in the management of the pregnancy. A "low-probability" result may still warrant invasive genetic testing if there are other indicators of a fetal chromosome disorder. NIPS does not detect all genetic defects or non-genetic or structural birth defects. Conclusions about the fetal condition and pregnancy management decisions should not be solely based on the results of this screening test alone.

It is important to note that no pre-conception **carrier screen** is able to detect every mutation that might cause a genetic condition. The test does not detect every mutation that can cause cystic fibrosis, spinal muscular atrophy, and fragile X syndrome, or mutations in other genes responsible for other disorders. If no mutation is found, the risk of the patient being a carrier for these conditions is greatly reduced; however, the possibility cannot be eliminated. The patient's ethnicity may also affect carrier risk.

NIPS was developed and its performance characteristics determined by Sonic Reference Laboratory (SRL). It has not been cleared or approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA). The FDA has determined that such clearance or approval is not necessary. This test is used for clinical purposes and should not be regarded as investigational or for research. SRL is qualified to perform high-complexity testing under the Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments (CLIA).

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\*Routine reproductive carrier screening for FX in male patients is not recommended.

#### References

1. [https://www.ajog.org/article/S0002-9378\(17\)31187-0/pdf](https://www.ajog.org/article/S0002-9378(17)31187-0/pdf)